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**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
**(Large Entity)**

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Docket No.  
13768.136.1

Total Pages in this Submission  
4

**TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS**

Box Patent Application  
Washington, D.C. 20231

Transmitted herewith for filing under 35 U.S.C. 111(a) and 37 C.F.R. 1.53(b) is a new utility patent application for an invention entitled:

**METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR SELECTING CRITERIA FOR A SUCCESSFUL ACKNOWLEDGMENT MESSAGE IN INSTANT MESSAGING**

and invented by:

**Leon Wong, Sudhanshu Aggarwal, & Peter Beebee**

If a **CONTINUATION APPLICATION**, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☒ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No.: \_\_\_\_\_

Which is a:

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Enclosed are:

**Application Elements**

1. ☒ Filing fee as calculated and transmitted as described below
2. ☒ Specification having 35 pages and including the following:
  - a. ☒ Descriptive Title of the Invention
  - b. ☒ Cross References to Related Applications (if applicable)
  - c. ☐ Statement Regarding Federally-sponsored Research/Development (if applicable)
  - d. ☐ Reference to Microfiche Appendix (if applicable)
  - e. ☒ Background of the Invention
  - f. ☒ Brief Summary of the Invention
  - g. ☒ Brief Description of the Drawings (if drawings filed)
  - h. ☒ Detailed Description
  - i. ☒ Claim(s) as Classified Below
  - j. ☒ Abstract of the Disclosure

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**Application Elements (Continued)**

3. ☒ Drawing(s) *(when necessary as prescribed by 35 USC 113)*
- a. ☒ Formal                      Number of Sheets                      5
- b. ☐ Informal                      Number of Sheets                      \_\_\_\_\_
4. ☒ Oath or Declaration
- a. ☒ Newly executed *(original or copy)*                      ☐ Unexecuted
- b. ☐ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d)) *(for continuation/divisional application only)*
- c. ☒ With Power of Attorney                      ☐ Without Power of Attorney
- d. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)  
Signed statement attached deleting inventor(s) named in the prior application,  
see 37 C.F.R. 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).
5. ☐ Incorporation By Reference *(usable if Box 4b is checked)*  
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of the oath or declaration is supplied under  
Box 4b, is considered as being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is hereby  
incorporated by reference therein.
6. ☐ Computer Program in Microfiche *(Appendix)*
7. ☐ Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission *(if applicable, all must be included)*
- a. ☐ Paper Copy
- b. ☐ Computer Readable Copy *(identical to computer copy)*
- c. ☐ Statement Verifying Identical Paper and Computer Readable Copy

**Accompanying Application Parts**

8. ☒ Assignment Papers *(cover sheet & document(s))*
9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(B) Statement *(when there is an assignee)*
10. ☐ English Translation Document *(if applicable)*
11. ☐ Information Disclosure Statement/PTO-1449                      ☐ Copies of IDS Citations
12. ☐ Preliminary Amendment
13. ☒ Acknowledgment postcard
14. ☒ Certificate of Mailing
- ☐ First Class                      ☒ Express Mail *(Specify Label No.):* EL 624 147 378 US

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Docket No.  
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4

**Accompanying Application Parts (Continued)**

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s) *(if foreign priority is claimed)*

16. ☒ Additional Enclosures *(please identify below):*

Attached check in the amount of \$750.00

\*\*\*The present application claims the benefit of United States provisional application serial number 60/185,827, filed 29 February 2000, which provisional application is incorporated herein by reference.\*\*\*

**Request That Application Not Be Published Pursuant To 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)**

17. ☐ Pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2), Applicant hereby requests that this patent application not be published pursuant to 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(1). Applicant hereby certifies that the invention disclosed in this application has not and will not be the subject of an application filed in another country, or under a multilateral international agreement, that requires publication of applications 18 months after filing of the application.

**Warning**

*An applicant who makes a request not to publish, but who subsequently files in a foreign country or under a multilateral international agreement specified in 35 U.S.C. 122(b)(2)(B)(i), must notify the Director of such filing not later than 45 days after the date of the filing of such foreign or international application. A failure of the applicant to provide such notice within the prescribed period shall result in the application being regarded as abandoned, unless it is shown to the satisfaction of the Director that the delay in submitting the notice was unintentional.*

**UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL**  
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(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Docket No.  
13768.136.1

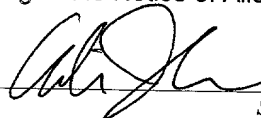
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**Fee Calculation and Transmittal**

**CLAIMS AS FILED**

For	#Filed	#Allowed	#Extra	Rate	Fee
Total Claims	15	- 20 =	0	x \$18.00	\$0.00
Indep. Claims	2	- 3 =	0	x \$80.00	\$0.00
Multiple Dependent Claims (check if applicable) <input type="checkbox"/>					\$0.00
BASIC FEE					\$710.00
OTHER FEE (specify purpose) <u>Assignment Recordation Fee</u>					\$40.00
TOTAL FILING FEE					\$750.00

- ☒ A check in the amount of \$750.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.
- ☒ The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. 23-3178 as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.
- ☐ Charge the amount of \_\_\_\_\_ as filing fee.
- ☒ Credit any overpayment.
- ☒ Charge any additional filing fees required under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17.
- ☐ Charge the issue fee set in 37 C.F.R. 1.18 at the mailing of the Notice of Allowance, pursuant to 37 C.F.R. 1.311(b).



Signature

Adrian J. Lee  
Attorney for Applicant  
Registration No.: 42,785

Dated: November 15, 2000



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CC:

**CERTIFICATE OF MAILING BY "EXPRESS MAIL" (37 CFR 1.10)**

Applicant(s): Leon Wong, Sudhanshu Aggarwal, &amp; Peter Beebee

Docket No.

13768.136.1

Serial No.

Not Yet Assigned

Filing Date

November 15, 2000

Examiner

Not Yet Assigned

Group Art Unit

Not Yet Assigned

Invention: **METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR SELECTING CRITERIA FOR A SUCCESSFUL  
ACKNOWLEDGMENT MESSAGE IN INSTANT MESSAGING**

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Patent Application (35 pgs.)  
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Declaration, Pwr of Attorney, & Petition (4 pgs.)  
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Postcard



**UNITED STATES PATENT APPLICATION**

of

**Leon Wong,**

**Sudhanshu Aggarwal, and**

**Peter Beebee**

for

**METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR  
SELECTING CRITERIA FOR A SUCCESSFUL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT MESSAGE  
IN INSTANT MESSAGING**

## **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

### **1. Cross-Reference to Related Applications**

The present application claims the benefit of United States provisional application serial number 60/185,827, filed 29 February 2000, which provisional application is incorporated herein by reference.

### **2. The Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates to the field of electronic communication. In particular, the present invention relates to methods and systems for selecting criteria for a successful acknowledgement message criteria in instant messaging.

### **3. The Prior State of the Art**

Computer networking, and in particular the evolution of the Internet, has transformed the way people communicate and share information. One important technology used in conjunction with computer networks is called "electronic mail" or "e-mail." E-mail allows a sending individual to compose a text message on his/her computer system and then transmit that text message over the computer network to a destination computer system, typically a server computer system, associated with a receiving individual. Once the receiving individual establishes a connection with his/her server computer system, the receiving individual can then retrieve the electronic mail message.

An advantage of electronic mail is that individuals can communicate over very large distances in significantly less time than it would take to physically mail a letter to that location. In addition, modern electronic mail systems allow for the inclusion of "attachments" which may essentially be any file type including text files and even

1 executable files. Thus, entire files can be conveniently transported from one location to  
2 another. Once received, the electronic mail text message and any associated attachments  
3 are in electronic form and therefore may be easily manipulated by a healthy variety of  
4 widely available software packages.

5 Although electronic mail transmissions typically take less time than physically  
6 mailing a letter from one location to another, it can still be a matter of minutes, hours, or  
7 even days to transmit an electronic message. In some circumstances, it may be desirable to  
8 transmit messages even faster. One technology that enables much faster electronic  
9 communication is called "instant messaging."

10 As the name implies, "instant messaging" permits a sending individual to quickly  
11 transmit an electronic message to a receiving individual in a matter of seconds and often  
12 within a second. Thus, two individuals can essentially communicate electronically in real  
13 time. Instant messaging requires that each individual in the electronic conversation be  
14 "logged in." In this description and in the claims, "logged in" means that they either have a  
15 dedicated connection to the network such as the Internet used to transmit the instant  
16 message, or they are connected to a computer system (typically an instant messaging  
17 server) that has a dedicated connection to the network.

18 When transmitting an instant message, it is often desirable to know whether or not  
19 the instant message was successfully delivered. For this reason, acknowledgement  
20 messages are often returned back to the instant message sender indicating the success or  
21 failure of the instant message transmission.

22 An acknowledgement message that indicates the successful delivery of an instant  
23 message will be referred to in this description and in the claims as a "successful"  
24 acknowledgement message. There are several circumstances in which a "successful"



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1 acknowledgement message may be returned back to the instant message sender. This  
2 ambiguity may leave the sender of the instant message somewhat confused as to the  
3 meaning of a “successful” acknowledgement message.

4 Therefore, what are desired are systems and methods for acknowledging delivery of  
5 an instant message in which the meaning of a “successful” acknowledgement message is  
6 more clearly defined and understandable to the sender of the instant message.

## SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In contrast to the prior state of the art, embodiments of the present invention permit a user to specify the criteria for determining the success or failure of the transmission of an instant message. Since the user specifies the criteria, the user is well informed of the meaning of successful acknowledgement message received in response to the transmission of an instant message.

First, the "sending computer system" identifies the user specified criteria. The "sending computer system" may be the client computer system associated with the sender if the client is capable of identifying the user specified criteria and determining whether the criteria are met. Alternatively, the "sending computer system" may be an instant messaging server associated with the sender if the sender's client computer system relies on the instant messaging server to identify the user specified criteria and determine whether the criteria are met. In the latter case, the user specified criteria may be included with the instant message or may have been previously transmitted to the instant messaging server. Thus, the sending computer system identifies the user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the instant message to the user.

Next, the sending computer system determines whether the user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message have been met. If they are met, the sending computer system returns a successful acknowledgement message to the user.

The process for determining whether the user specified criteria have been met depend on the user specified criteria. If the user specified criteria is a "single hop", the instant messaging server can determine, based on the very fact that it received the instant message, that the criteria have been met. Alternatively, the sender's client computer

1 system may determine that the criteria have been met by receiving an acknowledgement  
2 message from the first server computer system in the chain of computer systems used to  
3 transmit the instant message, that the first server computer system received the instant  
4 message.

5 If the user specified criteria is a "deep-or" criteria, meaning that at least one of the  
6 members of a distribution list should receive the instant message to be considered  
7 successful, the sending computer system (whether it be the instant messaging server  
8 associated with the sender, or the client associated with the sender) may determine that the  
9 criteria is met as soon it receives acknowledgement from one of the destination server  
10 computer systems that at least one of the associated client computer systems received the  
11 instant message.

12 In the context of instant messaging, a distribution list may include, for example, the  
13 set of users who have subscribed to the type of notification represented in the instant  
14 message. The distribution list may also be the set of client devices that a single user has  
15 logged in from. As long as any of the client devices that the user is using receives the  
16 instant message, the instant message might be considered successful since any of the client  
17 devices are capable of communicating the instant message to the user.

18 If the user specified criteria is a "deep-and" criteria, meaning that all of the  
19 members of the distribution list should receive the instant message in order to be  
20 considered successful, the sending computer system will determine success when all  
21 destination server computer systems report that all of the members of the distribution list  
22 have received the instant message. Thus, the principles of the present invention makes  
23 clear the meaning of a successful acknowledgement message in instant messaging by  
24 allowing the user to set the criteria for returning a successful acknowledgment message.

Additional features and advantages of the invention will be set forth in the description which follows, and in part will be obvious from the description, or may be learned by the practice of the invention. The features and advantages of the invention may be realized and obtained by means of the instruments and combinations particularly pointed out in the appended claims. These and other features of the present invention will become more fully apparent from the following description and appended claims, or may be learned by the practice of the invention as set forth hereinafter.

## BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

In order that the manner in which the above-recited and other advantages and features of the invention are obtained, a more particular description of the invention briefly described above will be rendered by reference to specific embodiments thereof which are illustrated in the appended drawings. Understanding that these drawings depict only typical embodiments of the invention and are not therefore to be considered limiting of its scope, the invention will be described and explained with additional specificity and detail through the use of the accompanying drawings in which:

Figure 1 illustrates an exemplary system that provides a suitable operating environment for the present invention;

Figure 2 is illustrates a computer network in which the present invention may operate;

Figure 3 is a flowchart of a method of sending an instant message using the network of Figure 2;

Figure 4 is a flowchart of a method of determining whether "deep-or" acknowledgement criteria have been met; and

Figure 5 is a flowchart of a method of determining whether "deep-and" acknowledgement criteria have been met.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention extends both methods and systems for selecting criteria for a successful acknowledgement message in instant messaging. The embodiments of the present invention may comprise a special purpose or general purpose computer including various computer hardware, as discussed in greater detail below.

Embodiments within the scope of the present invention also include computer-readable media for carrying or having computer-executable instructions or data structures stored thereon. Such computer-readable media can be any available media which can be accessed by a general purpose or special purpose computer. By way of example, and not limitation, such computer-readable media can comprise physical storage media such as RAM, ROM, EEPROM, CD-ROM or other optical disk storage, magnetic disk storage or other magnetic storage devices, or any other medium which can be used to carry or store desired program code means in the form of computer-executable instructions or data structures and which can be accessed by a general purpose or special purpose computer. When information is transferred or provided over a network or another communications connection (either hardwired, wireless, or a combination of hardwired or wireless) to a computer, the computer properly views the connection as a computer-readable medium. Thus, any such connection is properly termed a computer-readable medium. Combinations of the above should also be included within the scope of computer-readable media. Computer-executable instructions comprise, for example, instructions and data which cause a general purpose computer, special purpose computer, or special purpose processing device to perform a certain function or group of functions.

Figure 1 and the following discussion are intended to provide a brief, general description of a suitable computing environment in which the invention may be

Those skilled in the art will appreciate that the invention may be practiced in network computing environments with many types of computer system configurations, including personal computers, hand-held devices, multi-processor systems, microprocessor-based or programmable consumer electronics, network PCs, minicomputers, mainframe computers, and the like. The invention may also be practiced in distributed computing environments where tasks are performed by local and remote processing devices that are linked (either by hardwired links, wireless links, or by a combination of hardwired or wireless links) through a communications network. In a distributed computing environment, program modules may be located in both local and remote memory storage devices.

With reference to Figure 1, an exemplary system for implementing the invention includes a general purpose computing device in the form of a conventional computer 120, including a processing unit 121, a system memory 122, and a system bus 123 that couples various system components including the system memory 122 to the processing unit 121. The system bus 123 may be any of several types of bus structures including a memory bus

1 or memory controller, a peripheral bus, and a local bus using any of a variety of bus  
2 architectures. The system memory includes read only memory (ROM) 124 and random  
3 access memory (RAM) 125. A basic input/output system (BIOS) 126, containing the basic  
4 routines that help transfer information between elements within the computer 120, such as  
5 during start-up, may be stored in ROM 124.

6 The computer 120 may also include a magnetic hard disk drive 127 for reading  
7 from and writing to a magnetic hard disk 139, a magnetic disk drive 128 for reading from  
8 or writing to a removable magnetic disk 129, and an optical disk drive 130 for reading  
9 from or writing to removable optical disk 131 such as a CD-ROM or other optical media.  
10 The magnetic hard disk drive 127, magnetic disk drive 128, and optical disk drive 130 are  
11 connected to the system bus 123 by a hard disk drive interface 132, a magnetic disk drive-  
12 interface 133, and an optical drive interface 134, respectively. The drives and their  
13 associated computer-readable media provide nonvolatile storage of computer-executable  
14 instructions, data structures, program modules and other data for the computer 120.  
15 Although the exemplary environment described herein employs a magnetic hard disk 139,  
16 a removable magnetic disk 129 and a removable optical disk 131, other types of computer  
17 readable media for storing data can be used, including magnetic cassettes, flash memory  
18 cards, digital video disks, Bernoulli cartridges, RAMs, ROMs, and the like.

19 Program code means comprising one or more program modules may be stored on  
20 the hard disk 139, magnetic disk 129, optical disk 131, ROM 124 or RAM 125, including  
21 an operating system 135, one or more application programs 136, other program modules  
22 137, and program data 138. A user may enter commands and information into the  
23 computer 120 through keyboard 140, pointing device 142, or other input devices (not  
24 shown), such as a microphone, joy stick, game pad, satellite dish, scanner, or the like.



1 These and other input devices are often connected to the processing unit 121 through a  
2 serial port interface 146 coupled to system bus 123. Alternatively, the input devices may  
3 be connected by other interfaces, such as a parallel port, a game port or a universal serial  
4 bus (USB). A monitor 147 or another display device is also connected to system bus 123  
5 via an interface, such as video adapter 148. In addition to the monitor, personal computers  
6 typically include other peripheral output devices (not shown), such as speakers and  
7 printers.

8 The computer 120 may operate in a networked environment using logical  
9 connections to one or more remote computers, such as remote computers 149a and 149b.  
10 Remote computers 149a and 149b may each be another personal computer, a server, a  
11 router, a network PC, a peer device or other common network node, and typically includes  
12 many or all of the elements described above relative to the computer 120, although only  
13 memory storage devices 150a and 150b and their associated application programs 136a and  
14 136b have been illustrated in Figure 1. The logical connections depicted in Figure 1  
15 include a local area network (LAN) 151 and a wide area network (WAN) 152 that are  
16 presented here by way of example and not limitation. Such networking environments are  
17 commonplace in office-wide or enterprise-wide computer networks, intranets and the  
18 Internet.

19 When used in a LAN networking environment, the computer 120 is connected to  
20 the local network 151 through a network interface or adapter 153. When used in a WAN  
21 networking environment, the computer 120 may include a modem 154, a wireless link, or  
22 other means for establishing communications over the wide area network 152, such as the  
23 Internet. The modem 154, which may be internal or external, is connected to the system  
24 bus 123 via the serial port interface 146. In a networked environment, program modules

1 depicted relative to the computer 120, or portions thereof, may be stored in the remote  
2 memory storage device. It will be appreciated that the network connections shown are  
3 exemplary and other means of establishing communications over wide area network 152  
4 may be used.

5 Figure 2 illustrates a network 200 that may be a suitable operating environment for  
6 performing instant messaging. The network 200 includes server computer systems 202,  
7 212 and 222, each having respective dedicated connections 204, 214 and 224 to a network  
8 infrastructure 230 that may be used to electronically communicate between the server  
9 computer systems.

10 In this description and in the claims, a “server computer system” is defined as a  
11 computer or group of computers that provides services to another computer system. A  
12 “computer” is defined as any device capable of processing data such as a personal  
13 computer, a personal digital assistant, and the like. Also, a “client computer system” is  
14 defined as a computer or group of computers that use the services of another computer  
15 system. Note that a computer system may use the services of another computer system and  
16 yet still provide services to yet another computer system. Thus, a client computer system  
17 in one context may also be a server computer system in another context. Similarly, a  
18 server computer system in one context may also be a client computer system in another  
19 context. The use of the term “client computer system” to describe a computer system in  
20 this description and in the claims does not imply that the computer system may not also act  
21 as a server computer system. Similarly, the use of the term “server computer system” does  
22 not imply that the computer system may not also act as a client computer system.

23 The server computer system 202 acts as an instant messaging server for a number  
24 of client computer systems 206 including client computers systems 206a, 206b, 206c,

1 206d, 206e, 206f, 206g and 206h. Client computer systems 206 are capable of establishing  
2 a connection with the server computer system 202. Client computer systems 206a, 206b,  
3 206c and 206d are connected to the server computer system 202 as represented by the solid  
4 line connecting each of these client computer systems to the server computer system 202.  
5 The client computer systems 206e, 206f, 206g and 206h are not currently connected to the  
6 server computer system 202 as indicated by the dashed lines connecting these client  
7 computer systems to the server computer system 202. However, these computer systems  
8 206e, 206f, 206g and 206h may later be connected to the server computer system 202 as  
9 desired.

10 The server computer system 212 acts as an instant messaging server for a number  
11 of client computer systems 216 including client computer systems 216a, 216b, 216c, 216d,  
12 216e, 216f, 216g and 216h. Client computer systems 216a, 216b, 216c and 216d are  
13 connected to the server computer system 212 as indicated by the solid connection line.  
14 Client computer systems 216e, 216f, 216g and 216h are not currently connected to the  
15 server computer system 212 as indicated by the dashed connection lines.

16 The server computer system 222 acts as an instant messaging server for a number  
17 of client computer systems 226 including client computer systems 226a, 226b, 226c, 226d,  
18 226e, 226f, 226g and 226h. Client computer systems 226a, 226b, 226c and 226d are  
19 connected to the server computer system 222 as indicated by the solid connection line.  
20 Client computer systems 226e, 226f, 226g and 226h are not currently connected to the  
21 server computer system 222 as indicated by the dashed connection lines.

22 Each of the server computer system 202, 212 and 222 and the client computer  
23 systems 206a through 206h, 216a through 216h and 226a through 226h may be structured  
24 as described above for the computer 120 of Figure 1 and include some or all of the

1 components described as being included in the computer 120. However, many other  
2 computer devices may be used as the server computer systems and client computer systems  
3 so long as they are capable of implementing the principles of the present invention as  
4 described herein.

5 Since client computer systems 206a, 206b, 206c 206d, 216a, 216b, 216c, 216d,  
6 226a, 226b, 226c and 226d are connected to their respective instant messaging server  
7 computer systems, these client computer systems may engage in instant messaging. In  
8 order to facilitate instant messaging, the server computer systems 202, 212 and 222 keep  
9 track of which client computer systems are logged into their respective server computer  
10 systems and thus are available for communication by instant messaging. The list of logged  
11 in and available client computer systems is shared by the servers 202, 212 and 222 so that  
12 each of the server computer systems 202, 212 and 222 is aware of all twelve available  
13 client computer systems.

14 The determination of whether a successful acknowledgement message should be  
15 returned to the user may be performed by the sending client computer system 202 itself or  
16 may be performed by the first server computer system in the chain of computer systems  
17 that are traversed by the instant message in its route to its intended recipients.

18 If the sending client computer system is the computer system that makes this  
19 determination, the sending client computer system first optionally determines whether an  
20 intended recipient is available. If available, the instant message is created and addressed  
21 with an intended destination address. The sending client computer system then transmits  
22 the instant message and returns a successful acknowledgement message if the user  
23 specified criteria are met.

Figure 3 is a flowchart illustrating a method 300 of transmitting an instant message that will be discussed with frequent reference to Figure 2. Some of the acts involved with transmitting the instant message are performed exclusively by the sending client computer system. These acts are illustrated in the left column of Figure 3. Other acts are performed exclusively by the first server computer system in contact with the instant message. These acts are illustrated in the right column of Figure 3. Yet other acts are performed cooperatively by both the client computer system and the server computer system. These acts are illustrated in the center column of Figure 3.

In order to transmit an instant message, one of the client computer systems optionally first determines with the aid of its instant messaging server computer system whether an intended recipient is available for instant messaging (act 310). For example, suppose that client computer system 206b is to send an instant message to client computer system 216c. Client computer system 206b may confirm that client computer system 216c is available for instant messaging by receiving information from its instant messaging server computer system 202 that the client computer system 216c is logged on. Note that instant messaging may be performed without confirming that the intended recipient is available. However, there would be no guarantee that the recipient would receive the instant message in real time.

Although Figure 2 shows the server computer system 202 as being a separate computer system from the client computer systems 206, at least some of the functionality of the server computer system 202 may be provided by one or more of the client computer systems 206. These client computer systems would then be “advanced sending clients” having the capability to send an instant message directly to the network infrastructure 230 without using the server computer system 202. Also, the advanced sending clients are also

1 able to determine internally whether the user specified criteria for a successful  
2 acknowledgement message have been met. In this description, this embodiment will be  
3 referred to as the “advanced sender” embodiment. The embodiment in which the sender’s  
4 instant messaging server computer system 202 is used will be referred to as the “server  
5 assisted” embodiment.

6 In act 320, the sending computer system creates an instant message identifying an  
7 intended destination address. In the example, client computer system 206b may create an  
8 instant message and identify an intended destination. In addition, in the server-assisted  
9 embodiment, the sending client computer system establishes a connection with the server  
10 computer system if needed (act 330) with the assistance of the server computer system.  
11 For example, if the client computer system 206b was not already connected to the server  
12 computer system 202 the client computer system 206b would perform acts needed to  
13 connect to the server computer system 202. If the client computer system 206b has a  
14 permanent connection to the server computer system 202, there would, of course, be no  
15 need make a connection with the server computer system 202. In the advanced sender  
16 embodiment, there would be no need for the sending client computer system 206b to  
17 connect with the server computer system since the sending client computer system 206b is  
18 capable of sending instant messages directly onto the network infrastructure.

19 In the server-assisted embodiment, once the instant message is created (act 320), a  
20 destination address specified (also act 320), and a connection made with the server  
21 computer system (act 330), the sending client computer system may then transmit the  
22 instant message (act 340).

23 The instant message will traverse a number of different server computer systems on  
24 the way to its destination. For example, in order for an instant message to be transmitted

1 from the client computer system 206b to the client computer system 216c, the instant  
2 message must traverse through the instant messaging server computer system 202 (if in the  
3 server assisted embodiment), through a potential myriad of server computer systems on the  
4 network infrastructure 230, through the destination instant messaging server computer  
5 system 212, and finally to the destination client computer system 216c.

6 However, in the server-assisted embodiment, the first server computer system to  
7 receive the message after the instant message is transmitted is typically a proximate instant  
8 messaging server computer system such as the server computer system 202 (act 350). The  
9 instant messaging server computer system associated with the sending client computer  
10 system returns an acknowledgement message to the sending client computer system if  
11 certain criteria are met (act 360). For example, the server computer system 202 may be  
12 configured to return an acknowledgement message for all instant messages sent from  
13 sending client computer system 206b, for only those instant messages designated as higher  
14 priority, or for only those instant messages requested to have a corresponding  
15 acknowledgement message. In one example, the sending client computer system 206b  
16 specifically designates as part of the creation of the instant message that an  
17 acknowledgement message is desired for the instant message. In this case, the server  
18 computer system 202 will return an acknowledgement message (step 360), regardless of  
19 the content of that acknowledgement message. In the advanced sender embodiment, the  
20 client computer system 206b performs the functionality of the server computer system 202  
21 in determining whether the user specified criteria are met and returning an appropriate  
22 acknowledgement message to the user of the client computer system 206b.

23 As part of the step of returning an acknowledgement message, a determination is  
24 made of whether or not certain user-specified criteria have been met for sending a

1 “successful” acknowledgement message. Accordingly, embodiments within the scope of  
2 the present invention include a step or means for determining whether or not certain user-  
3 specified criteria have been met for returning a “successful” acknowledgement message.

4 First, the user-specified criteria are identified. These criteria are set by a user and  
5 may have been entered by the user of the sending client computer system. In the server-  
6 assisted embodiment, these user specified criteria may have been previously transmitted to  
7 the server computer system for storage in a database 240 (Figure 2) accessible by the  
8 server computer system. Alternatively, the user-specified criteria may accompany the  
9 instant message itself. In the advanced sender embodiment, the user-specified criteria  
10 may be stored in a similar database accessible by the sending client computer system.  
11 Once the user-specified criteria have been identified, a determination is made as to whether  
12 or not the applicable user-specified criteria have been met.

13 As an example, one set of criteria for determining whether a successful  
14 acknowledgement message should be sent is referred to as a “single hop” criteria set.  
15 Using this criteria set, if the instant message is received by the first computer system in the  
16 chain of computer systems needed to transmit the instant message, a successful  
17 acknowledgement message is returned.

18 In the server-assisted embodiment, in transmitting from the client computer system  
19 206b to the client computer system 216c, the first computer system would be the instant  
20 messaging server computer system 202. Thus, the server computer system 202 could  
21 determine, by the very fact that the server computer system 202 received the instant  
22 message, that the criteria for a successful acknowledgement message have been met.

23 In the advanced sender embodiment, the first server computer system in the  
24 network infrastructure 230 would indicate to the client that the server computer system



1 received the instant message. The client computer system 206b would then determine that  
2 the single hop criteria have been met and acknowledge this to the user.

3 Another set of criteria for determining whether a successful acknowledgement  
4 message should be sent is referred to as a “deep-or” criteria set which will now be  
5 described. In instant messaging, any destination address could potentially be a distribution  
6 list if other entities can subscribe to instant messages received by the destination address.

7 For example, the destination address may be “team\_members”. A number of  
8 entities may have subscribed to messages received by the destination address  
9 “team\_members”. For example, suppose that entities having address “first\_member”,  
10 “second\_member” and “subteam\_members” have subscribed to the address  
11 “team\_members” by indicating that any message destined for the address “team\_members”  
12 should also be forwarded to the addresses “first\_member”, “second\_member” and  
13 “subteam\_members”. The address “team\_members” functions as a destination list having  
14 three members “first\_member”, “second\_member” and “subteam\_members”.

15 Any member of a distribution list may also be a distribution list. For example,  
16 suppose that entities having addresses “first\_submember” and “second\_submember”  
17 subscribed to the address “subteam\_members”. Any messages destined for the address  
18 “subteam\_members” would also be forwarded to addresses “first\_submember” and  
19 “second\_submember”. Thus, any address could potentially be a distribution list and  
20 multiple distribution lists may be layered.

21 If the destination address is not a distribution list (i.e., no entities have subscribed  
22 to the destination address), then “successful” delivery under the “deep-or” criteria set  
23 means that the destination address simply received the instant message. On the other hand,  
24 if the destination address is a distribution list (i.e., one or more entities have subscribed to

For example, suppose that the entity represented by “first\_member” receives the instant message through its subscription to “team\_members”. In this case, the destination address “team\_members” is a distribution list since other entities have subscribed to the destination address. Since “first\_member” is not a distribution list, and since “first\_member” received the instant message, delivery of the instant message to “first\_member” was successful under the deep or criteria. For this reason, delivery to “team\_members” was also successful under the deep or criteria. The same result would apply for similar reasons if “second\_member” receives the instant message.

Figure 4 illustrates a method 400 for determining whether a “successful” acknowledgement message should be returned to the user using the “deep-or” criteria set. The acts of the method 400 are either performed by the sending computer system (i.e., the

1 sender's instant messaging server in the server assisted embodiment, or the sending client  
2 computer system in the advanced sender embodiment) or by the destination server  
3 computer system(s). The left column of Figure 4 illustrates those acts that are performed  
4 by the sending computer system while the right column illustrates those acts that are  
5 performed by each destination server computer system having associated client computer  
6 systems that have subscribed to the destination address. The method 400 will be described  
7 using an example in which the client computer system 206b attempts to sends an instant  
8 message to the destination address "team\_members" which has been subscribed to by  
9 client computer systems 216c, 216d, 226d and 226e.

10 Immediately after receiving the instant message for distribution to the destination  
11 address "team\_members", the sending computer system typically cannot yet determine  
12 whether a "successful" acknowledgement message should be sent under the "deep-or"  
13 criteria set since the sending computer system does not know whether at least one of the  
14 subscribing client computer system 216c, 216d, 226d and 226e will receive the instant  
15 message. One exception might be if the sending computer system has notice that all of the  
16 subscribing client computer systems are off-line or are otherwise unavailable for instant  
17 messaging. In this exception, the sending computer system may be configured to  
18 immediately return a "failed" acknowledgement message indicating that the instant  
19 message was not successfully delivered to any of the members of the distribution list.  
20 Typically, however, the sending computer system may not know whether or not a  
21 "successful" acknowledgement message should be sent without actually attempting to send  
22 the instant message to at least some of the subscribing client computer systems.

23 Thus, after receiving the instant message, the sending computer system will  
24 typically forward the instant message to at least some of the subscribing client computer

The destination computer systems then each return an acknowledgement message to the sending computer system (act 440). This acknowledgement message indicates at least whether delivery of the instant message to one of its associated client computer systems was successful under the “deep-or” criteria set. Assuming that the addresses corresponding to client computer systems 216c, 216d, 226d and 226e are not distribution lists, delivery to any of the client computer systems would be deemed successful under the “deep-or” criteria set by the mere delivery to the associated client computer system. However, if a given one of the addresses were subscribed to by yet other addresses, then

1 delivery to the other subscribing address would need to be attempted before successful  
2 delivery to the given one of the addresses could be deemed successful.

3         Once the sending computer system receives such an acknowledgement message  
4 from one of the destination server computer system (act 450), then the sending computer  
5 system can determine that at least one of the members of the distribution list was  
6 successfully delivered the instant message under the “deep-or” criteria set (act 460). In the  
7 example, the sending computer system can send a “successful” acknowledgement message  
8 to the user as soon as it receives the acknowledgement message from either the server  
9 computer system 212 or the server computer system 222.

10         Another set of criteria for determining whether a successful acknowledgement  
11 message should be sent is referred to as a “deep-and” criteria set. The “deep-and” criteria  
12 set is much more strict than the “deep-or” criteria set in that the “deep-and” criteria set  
13 requires that all of the members in a distribution list receive the instant message before  
14 delivery to the distribution list is deemed successful. For example, take the above  
15 example, in which “first\_member”, “second\_member” and “subteam\_members”  
16 subscribed to “team\_members” and in which “first\_submember” and  
17 “second\_submember” subscribed to “subteam\_members.” If “second\_submember” was  
18 not successfully delivered the instant message, then delivery of the instant message to  
19 “subteam\_members” is not deemed successful since one of its members  
20 “second\_submember” did not receive the instant message. Likewise, delivery to  
21 “team\_members” is not deemed successful since delivery to one of its members  
22 “subteam\_members” was not deemed successful.

23         Figure 5 illustrates a method 500 for determining whether a “successful”  
24 acknowledgement message should be returned to the user using the “deep-and” criteria set.

1 The acts of the method 500 are either performed by the sending computer system (i.e., the  
2 sender's instant messaging server in the server assisted embodiment, or the sending client  
3 computer system in the advanced sender embodiment) or by the destination server  
4 computer system. The left column of Figure 5 illustrates those acts that are performed by  
5 the sending computer system while the right column illustrates those acts that are  
6 performed by each destination server computer system. The method 500 will also be  
7 described using the example in which the client computer system 206b attempts to sends  
8 an instant message to the distribution list "team\_members" which include client computer  
9 systems 216c, 216d, 226d and 226e.

10 Immediately after receiving the instant message for distribution to member of the  
11 distribution list "team\_members", the sending computer system may be able to determine  
12 if any of the members of the distribution list are unavailable for instant messaging  
13 (decision block 510). If any are unavailable, the sending computer system may be able to  
14 determine that the "deep-and" criteria will not be satisfied even before attempting to send  
15 the instant message to members of the distribution list. In this case (yes in decision block  
16 510), the sending computer system 202 may immediately return a "failed"  
17 acknowledgement message (act 580) to the user even before any acknowledgement  
18 messages are received back from the destination computer system.

19 If the sending computer system cannot confirm that any of the members of the  
20 distribution list are unavailable for instant messaging (no in decision block 510), then the  
21 sending computer system would need to confirm delivery by attempting to deliver the  
22 instant message to each member of the distribution list (act 520). The sending computer  
23 system may, of course, also attempt to deliver the instant message to as many on the  
24 distribution list as possible even though the sending computer system may have

The forwarding of the instant message may involve identifying each destination server computer system that is associated with a client computer system in the distribution list. In the example, the instant message is forwarded to both destination server systems 212 and 222 over the network infrastructure 230.

The destination computer systems then each return an acknowledgement message to the sending computer system (act 550). This acknowledgement message indicates at least whether delivery of the instant message was successful to all of its associated client computer systems that are included in the distribution list.

- Page 26 - Docket No. 13768.136.1

1 the instant message under the "deep-and" criteria set. (act 570). In the example, the  
2 sending computer system cannot send a "successful" acknowledgement message to the  
3 user since the sending computer system would not have received a successful  
4 acknowledgement message from one of the destination server computer systems 222. This  
5 is because the destination computer system 222 could not deliver the instant message to the  
6 client computer system 226e since that client computer system was unavailable for instant  
7 messaging.

8 While the "single hop", "deep-or" and "deep-and" criteria sets have been  
9 specifically described, there may be any other criteria set that may be defined for a  
10 "successful" acknowledgement message. For example, the user may define a time frame  
11 that delivery of the instant message must be completed by in order to be considered a  
12 successful delivery. Also, the user may specify which members of the distribution list  
13 must receive the instant message in order to be considered a successful delivery. Also, a  
14 user may specify that delivery to the destination server may be sufficient to constitute  
15 "successful" delivery even if that instant message is not immediately forwarded to the  
16 client computer system.

17 The user may specify the criteria set that must be satisfied. Alternatively, the  
18 sending computer system or some other server computer system may determine  
19 automatically what criteria set must be satisfied in order to be considered a successful  
20 delivery of the instant message. For example, if the destination address is a distribution list  
21 and the instant message has a normal priority, a "deep-or" criteria set may be used in  
22 reporting on a successful delivery. On the other hand, if the instant message has a high  
23 priority, a "deep-and" criteria set may be used in reporting a successful delivery.  
24





1           1.     In a computer network that includes a plurality of networked computer  
2 systems, wherein a sending computer system sends an instant message through a chain of  
3 one or more computer systems to a destination computer system, a method of  
4 acknowledging delivery of the instant message, wherein the criteria for determining the  
5 success or failure of the delivery are user specified, the method comprising the following:

6                 an act of the sending computer system identifying the user specified criteria  
7 for returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the instant  
8 message to the user;

9                 an act of the sending computer system determining whether the user  
10 specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message are met; and

11                an act of the sending computer system returning a successful  
12 acknowledgement message corresponding to the instant message only if the user  
13 specified criteria have been met.

14  
15           2.     A method in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the sending computer  
16 system comprises a sending client computer system associated with the user.

17  
18           3.     A method in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the sending computer  
19 system comprises a server computer system associated with a sending client computer  
20 system.

21  
22           4.     A method in accordance with Claim 3, wherein the act of the computer  
23 system identifying the user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement  
24 message comprises the following:

1 an act of the sending server computer system receiving a data field  
2 representing the user specified criteria with the instant message; and

3 an act of the sending server computer system reading the data field to  
4 identify the user specified criteria.

5  
6 5. A method in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the act of the computer  
7 system identifying the user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement  
8 message comprises the following:

9 an act of reading a data field representing the user specified criteria from a  
10 database accessible to the sending computer system.

11  
12 6. A method in accordance with Claim 1, wherein  
13 the user specified criteria is a "single hop" criteria, and  
14 the act of the sending computer system determining whether the user specified  
15 criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message are met comprises an act of  
16 determining that the user specific criteria have been met if the first server computer system  
17 in the chain of computer systems receives the instant message.

18  
19 7. A method in accordance with Claim 1, wherein  
20 the user specified criteria is a "deep or" criteria, and  
21 the act of the sending computer system determining whether the user specified  
22 criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message are met comprises an act of  
23 determining that at least one of the intended recipients successfully received the instant  
24 message under the "deep or" criteria.

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8. A method in accordance with Claim 7 wherein the act of determining that at least one of the intended recipients received the instant message comprises the following:

an act of the computer system transmitting the instant message to the next computer system in the chain of computer systems along with an indication that the user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message is that at least one of the intended recipients successfully received the instant message under the “deep or” criteria;

an act of the computer system receiving an acknowledgement message from the next computer system in the chain of computer systems indicating whether or not at least one of the intended recipients successfully received the instant message under the “deep or” criteria; and

an act of the computer system determining that at least one of the intended recipients has received the instant message if the acknowledgement message from the next computer system indicates that at least one of the intended recipients successfully received the instant message under the “deep-or” criteria.

9. A method in accordance with Claim 1, wherein  
the user specified criteria is a “deep and” criteria, and  
the act of the sending computer system determining whether the user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message are met comprises an act of the sending computer system determining that all of the intended recipients successfully received the instant message under the “deep and” criteria.

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10. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for performing the acts recited in Claim 1.

11. In a computer network that includes a plurality of networked computer systems, wherein a sending computer system sends an instant message through a chain of one or more computer systems to a destination computer system, a method of acknowledging delivery of the instant message, wherein the criteria for determining the success or failure of the delivery are user specified, the method comprising the following:

a step for the sending computer system determining whether user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the received instant message are met; and

an act of the sending computer system returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the instant message only if the user specified criteria have been met.

12. A method in accordance with Claim 11, wherein the user specified criteria is a single hop criteria, the step for the sending computer system determining whether user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the received instant message are met comprises an act of determining that the user specified criteria are satisfied if the first server computer system in the chain of computer systems receives the instant message.

13. A method in accordance with Claim 11, wherein the user specified criteria is a deep or criteria, the step for the sending computer system determining whether user specified criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the received

1 instant message are met comprises an act of determining that the user specified criteria are  
2 satisfied if at least one of the intended recipients receives the instant message.

3  
4 14. A method in accordance with Claim 11, wherein  
5 the user specified criteria is a deep and criteria,  
6 the step for the sending computer system determining whether user specified  
7 criteria for returning a successful acknowledgement message corresponding to the received  
8 instant message are met comprises an act of determining that the user specified criteria are  
9 satisfied if all of the intended recipients receives the instant message.

10  
11 15. A computer-readable medium having computer-executable instructions for  
12 performing the specific acts and the step recited in Claim 11.

## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Methods and systems are described for permitting a user to specify the criteria for determining the success or failure of the transmission of an instant message. A computer system first identifies the user specified criteria. When the server computer system receives an instant message, the computer system determines whether the user specified criteria have been met. If the criteria are met, the computer system returns a successful acknowledgement message to the user. Since the user sets the criteria by which success will be determined, the meaning of a successful acknowledgement message will be clear to the user.

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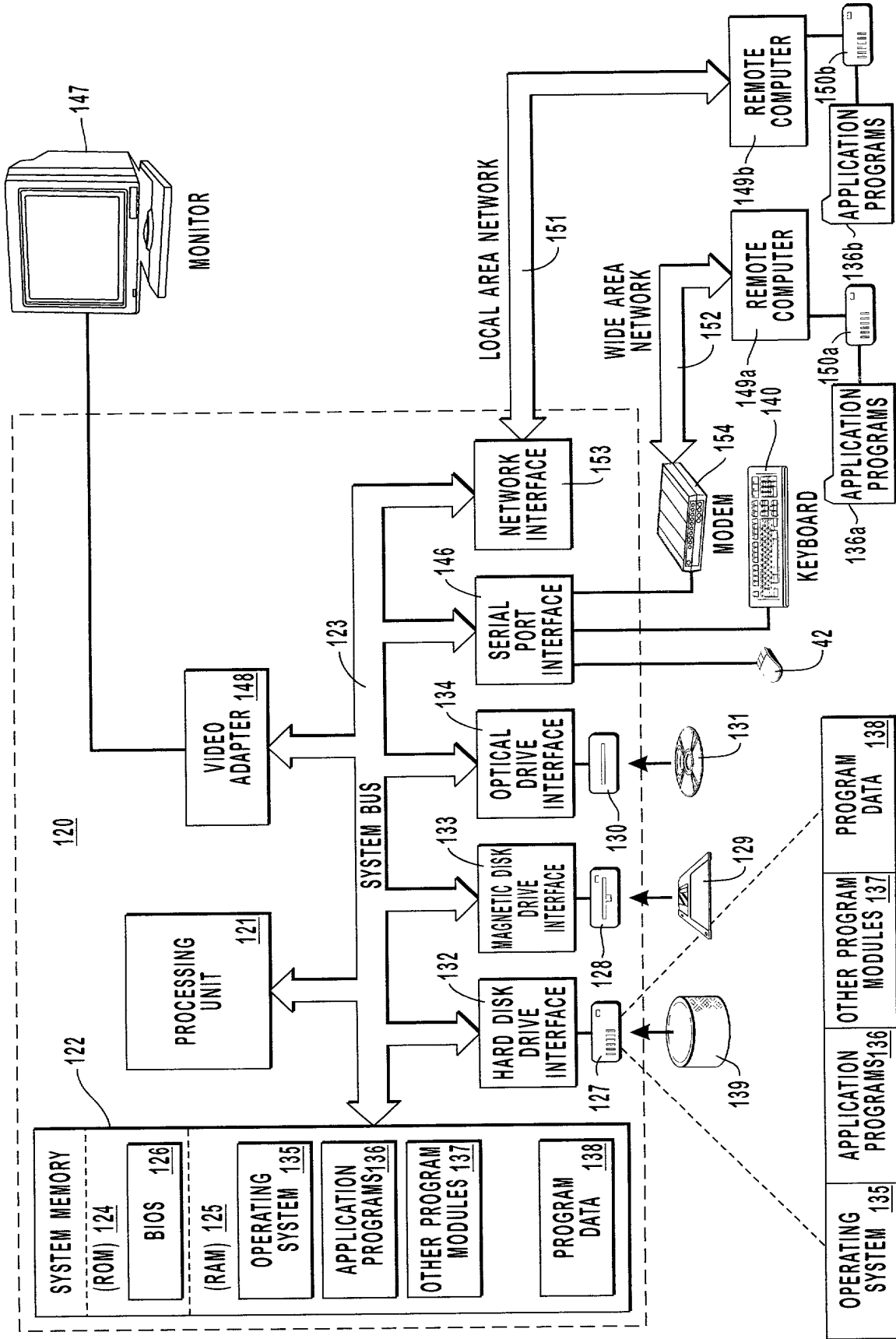


FIG. 1

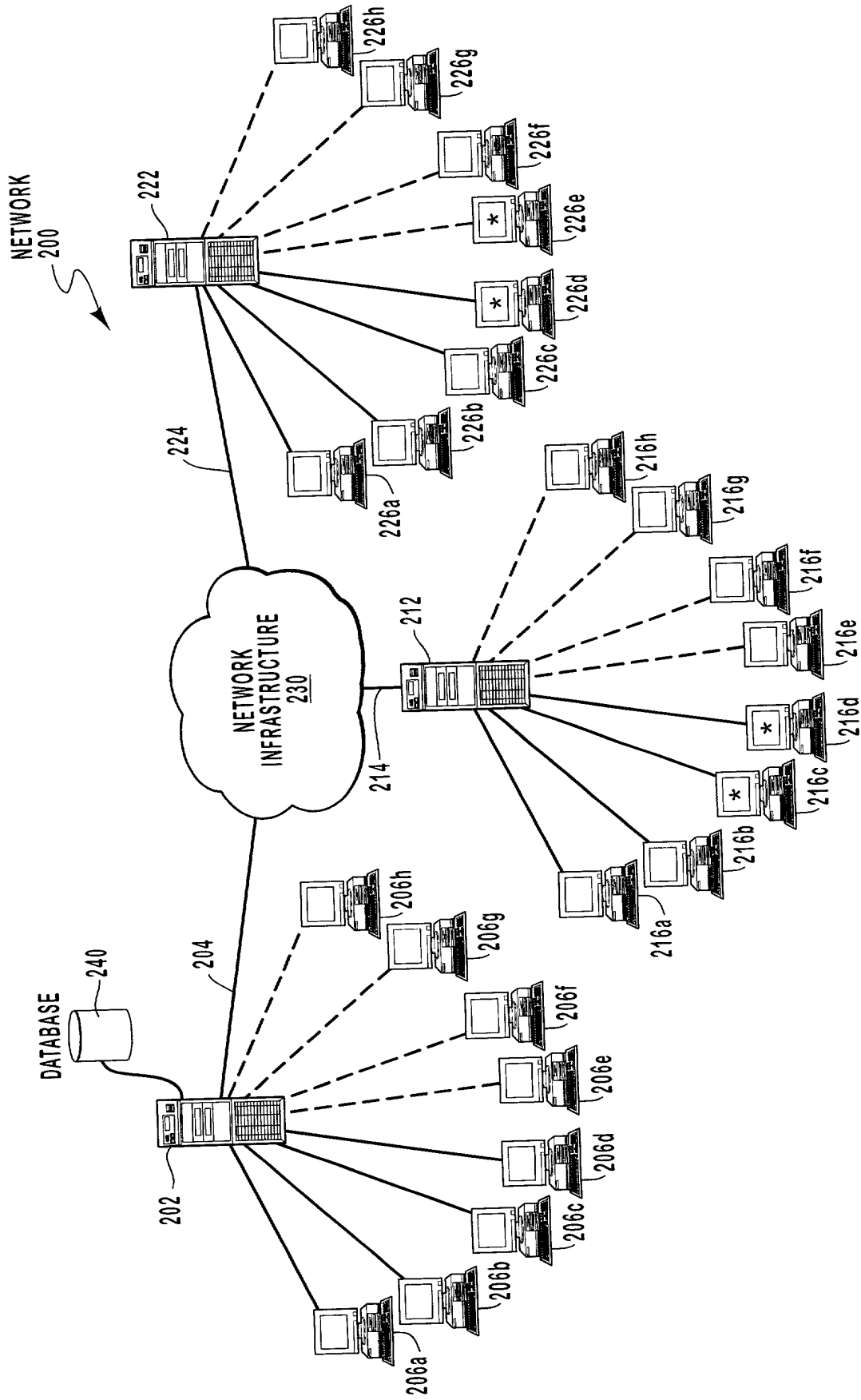


FIG. 2

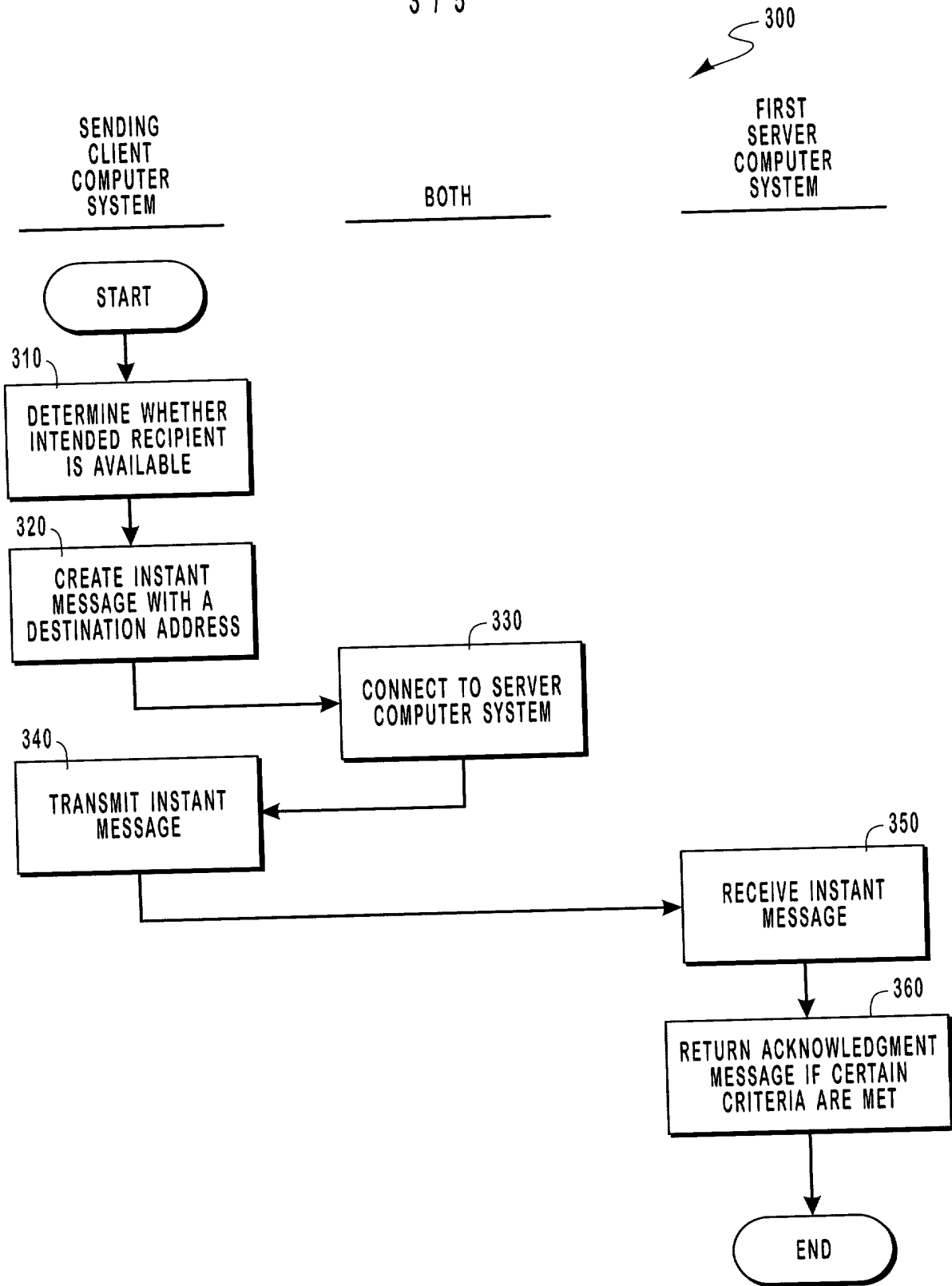
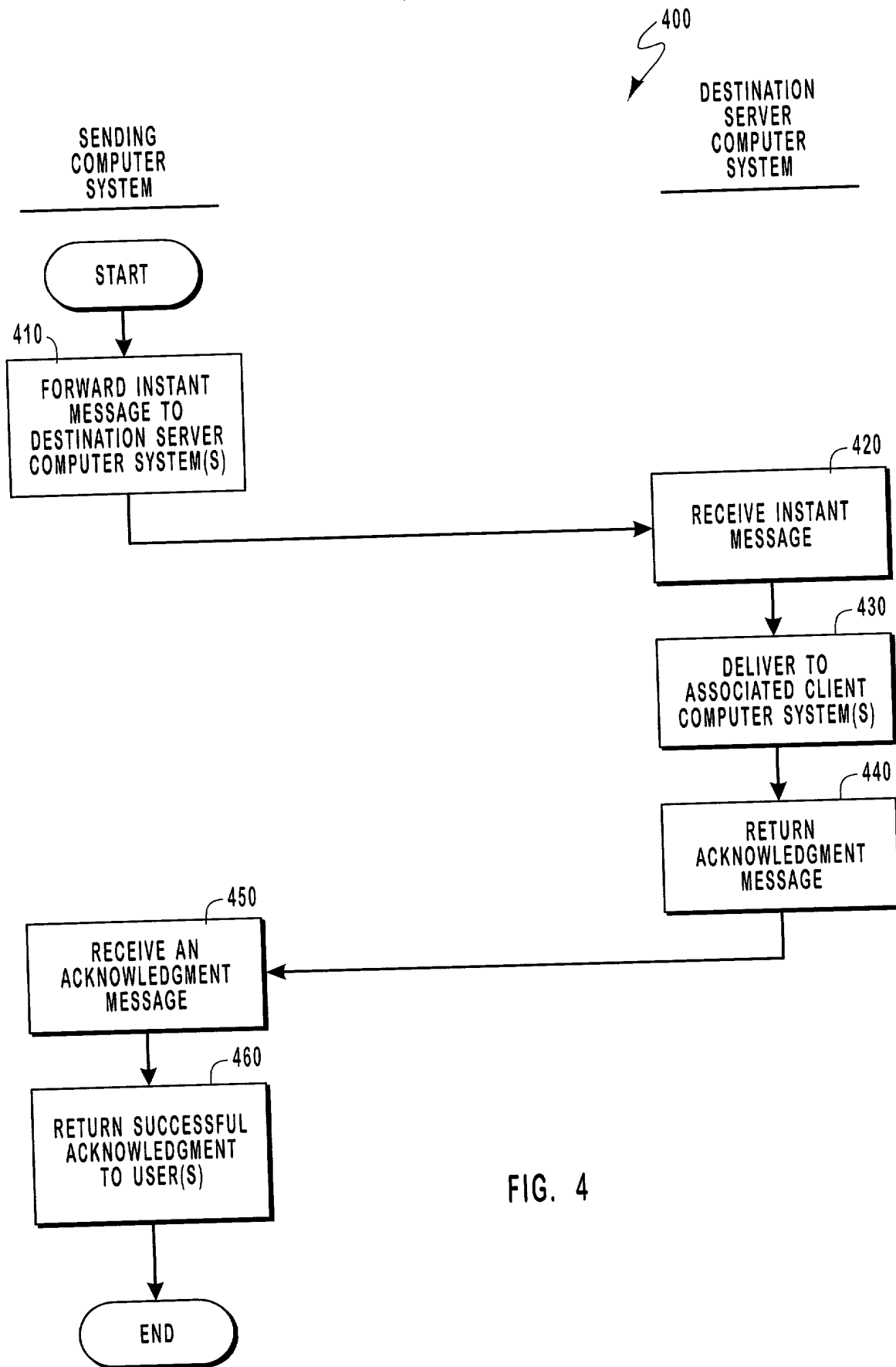


FIG. 3



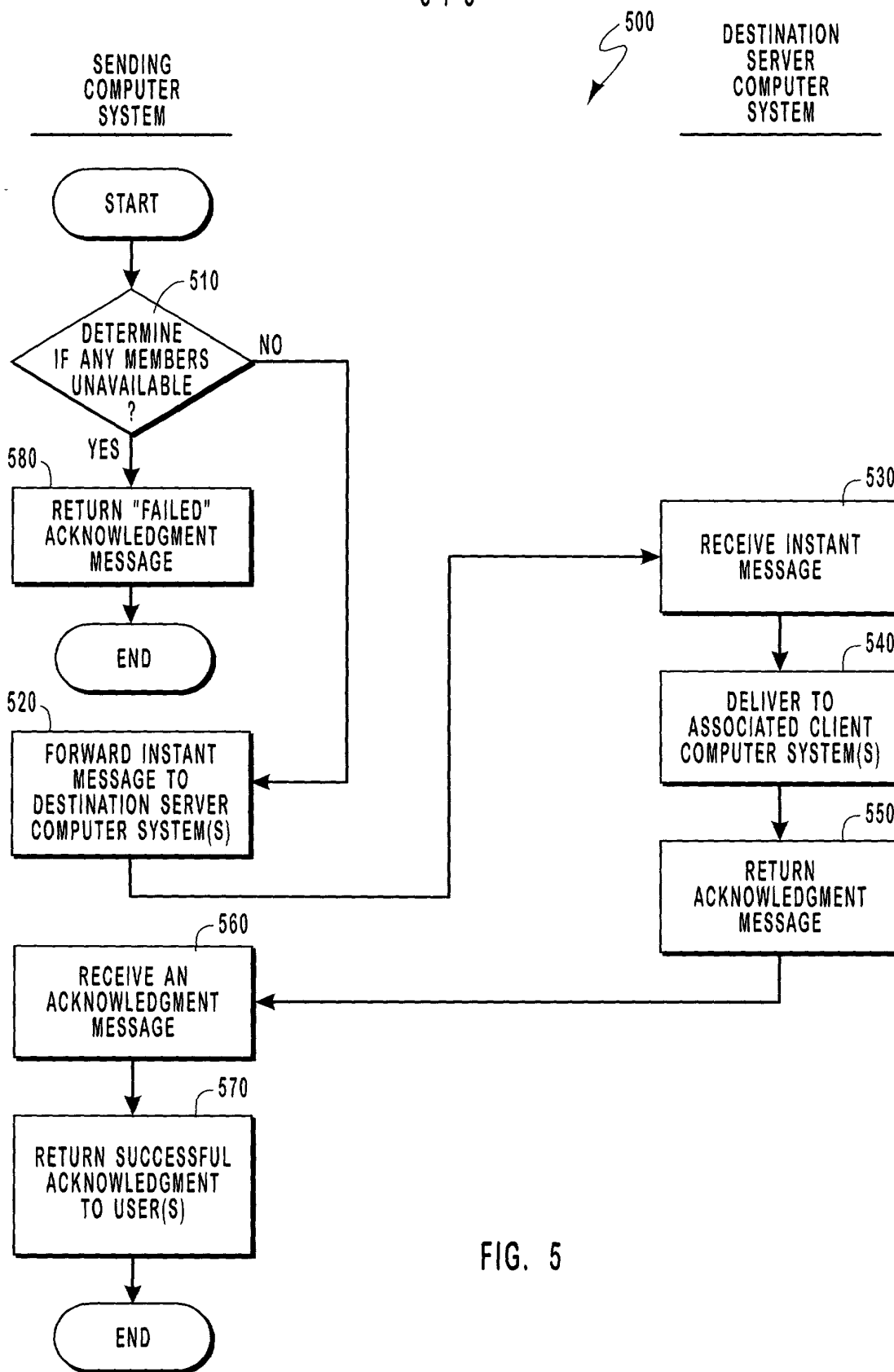


FIG. 5

DECLARATION, POWER OF ATTORNEY, AND PETITION

We, Leon Wong, Sudhanshu Aggarwal, and Peter Beebee, declare: that we are citizens of Canada, Canada, and the United States of America, the United States of America, respectively; that our residences and post office addresses are 18010 NE 94<sup>th</sup> Ct., Apt. 3, Redmond, Washington 98052, 855 168<sup>th</sup> Place SE, Bellevue, Washington 98008, and 11 Longmeadow Way, Acton, Massachusetts 01720, respectively; that we verily believe we are the original, first, and joint inventors of the subject matter of the invention or discovery entitled "METHODS AND SYSTEMS FOR SELECTING CRITERIA FOR A SUCCESSFUL ACKNOWLEDGEMENT MESSAGE IN INSTANT MESSAGING," for which a patent is sought and which is described and claimed in the specification attached hereto; and that we acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Section 1.56(a) of Title 37 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

We declare further that all statements made herein of our own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful, false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code, and that such willful, false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issuing thereon.



**022913**

We hereby appoint as our attorneys and/or patent agents: ;  
PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE  
and DANIEL D. CROUSE, Registration No. 32,022; and KATIE SAKO, Registration No. 32,628,  
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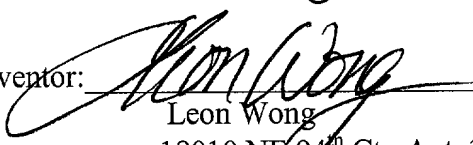
power to prosecute this application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith. All correspondence and telephonic communications should be directed to:

Rick D. Nydegger  
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Wherefore, we pray that Letters Patent be granted to us for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the foregoing specification and claims, declaration, power of attorney, and this petition.

Signed at Redmond, Washington this 30<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2000.

Inventor: \_\_\_\_\_

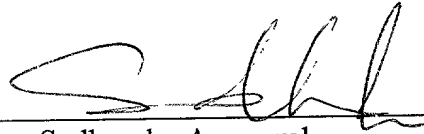
  
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Wherefore, we pray that Letters Patent be granted to us for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the foregoing specification and claims, declaration, power of attorney, and this petition.

Signed at Bellevue, Washington this 7<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2000.

Inventor: \_\_\_\_\_



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Wherefore, we pray that Letters Patent be granted to us for the invention or discovery described and claimed in the foregoing specification and claims, declaration, power of attorney, and this petition.

Signed at Acton, MA this 28 day of July, 2000.

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